

"जनता बैंकमा होइन, बैंक जनतामा जानु पर्दछ"

INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

As on Ashwin End, 2082

(1st Quarter F.Y. 2025-26)





Condensed Consolidated Statement of Financial Position As on Quarter ended Ashwin 2082



	Gr	oup	Bank			
Particulars	This Quarter Ending	Immediate Previous Year Ending	This Quarter Ending	Immediate Previous Year Ending		
Assets						
Cash and Cash Equivalent	3,991,019	3,382,291	3,115,743	3,134,540		
Due from Nepal Rastra Bank	12,312,052	9,606,142	12,312,052	9,606,142		
Placement with Bank and Financial Institutions	-	-	-	-		
Derivative Financials Instrument	-	-	-	-		
Other Trading Assets	177,830	102,940	-	-		
Loans and Advances to BFIs	1,195,081	2,139,627	1,195,081	2,139,627		
Loans and Advances to Customers	96,650,695	91,907,309	96,650,695	91,907,309		
Investment Securities	14,654,690	14,282,403	14,601,559	14,249,248		
Current Tax Assets	-	36,928	-	40,722		
Investment in Subsidiaries	-	-	244,046	244,046		
Investment in Associates	161,724	139,383	155,550	155,550		
Investment Property	446,297	465,620	413,182	432,504		
Property and Equipment	2,238,231	2,253,247	2,231,937	2,242,422		
Goodwill and Intangible Assets	11,150	12,110	10,305	11,768		
Deferred Tax Assets	148,897	116,306	147,782	116,115		
Other Assets	701,157	740,886	642,402	667,771		
Total Assets	132,688,824	125,185,193	131,720,333	124,947,764		
Liabilities						
Due to Bank and Financial Institutions	1,098,403	3,718,026	1,098,403	3,718,026		
Due to Nepal Rastra Bank	419,601	415,630	419,601	415,630		
Derivative Financials Instrument	-	-	-	-		
Deposits from Customers	114,880,527	117,335,443	114,893,569	117,430,719		
Borrowings	-	2,083	-	2,083		
Current Tax Liabilities	77,244	-	73,592	-		
Provisions	-	-	-	-		
Deferred Tax Liabilities	-	-	-	-		
Other Liabilities	2,790,598	2,462,960	2,005,875	1,895,658		
Debt Securities Issued	1,248,160	1,248,017	1,248,160	1,248,017		
Subordinated Liabilities	-	-	-	-		
Total Liabilities	120,514,532	125,182,159	119,739,200	124,710,133		
Equity						
Share Capital	7,046,938	7,046,938	7,046,938	7,046,938		
Share Premium	-	-	-	-		
Retained Earnings	1,236,692	1,382,460	1,224,904	194,701		
Reserves	3,719,338	3,418,411		3,187,868		
Total Equity Attributable to Equity Shareholders	12,002,968	11,847,809	11,981,133	10,429,508		
Non Controlling Interest	171,324	181,813		-		
Total Equity	12,174,292	12,029,622		10,429,508		
Total Equity and Liabilities	132,688,824	137,211,780		124,947,764		

Condensed Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss

For the Quarter Ended on Ashwin 2082



		Grou	IP .			Banl	K	
	Cunner	nt Year -	Previou	s Year	Cunn	ent Year -	Previou	s Year
Particular	Currer	ii 7ear -	Corresp	onding	- Curr	eni year -	Corres	oonding
	This Quarter	Up to This Quarter (YTD)	This Quarter	Up to This Quarter (YTD)	This Quarter	Up to This Quarter (YTD)	This Quarter	Up to This Quarter (YTD)
Interest Income	2,628,630	2,628,630	2,878,284	2,878,284	2,627,188	2,627,188	2,875,098	2,875,098
Interest Expense	1,441,426	1,441,426	1,763,856	1,763,856	1,441,678	1,441,678	1,764,356	1,764,356
Net Interest Income	1,187,204	1,187,204	1,114,427	1,114,427	1,185,510	1,185,510	1,110,742	1,110,742
Fees and Commission Income	163,626	163,626	193,120	193,120	142,576	142,576	174,732	174,732
Fees and Commission Expense	17,284	17,284	18,665	18,665	15,493	15,493	16,095	16,095
Net Fee and Commission Income	146,342	146,342	174,455	174,455	127,083	127,083	158,637	158,637
Net Interest, Fee and Commission Income	1,333,546	1,333,546	1,288,882	1,288,882	1,312,593	1,312,593	1,269,379	1,269,379
Net Trading Income	4,616	4,616	8,923	8,923	2,490	2,490	1,426	1,426
Other Operating Income	47,355	47,355	20,230	20,230	63,386	63,386	33,081	33,081
Total Operating Income	1,385,518	1,385,518	1,318,035	1,318,035	1,378,469	1,378,469	1,303,886	1,303,886
Impairment Charge/(reversal) for loans and other losses	541,167	541,167	387,722	387,722	541,167	541,167	387,722	387,722
Net Operating Income	844,351	844,351	930,313	930,313	837,302	837,302	916,164	916,164
Operating Expenses								
Personnel Expenses	359,089	359,089	371,596	371,596	350,780	350,780	363,519	363,519
Other Operating Expenses	105,097	105,097	90,458	90,458	100,510	100,510	86,664	86,664
Depreciation and Amortisation	65,557	65,557	63,395	63,395	64,906	64,906	62,739	62,739
Operating Profit	314,608	314,608	404,864	404,864	321,106	321,106	403,242	403,242
Non Operating Income	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Non Operating Expenses	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Profit before Income Tax	314,608	314,608	404,864	404,864	321,106	321,106	403,242	403,242
Income Tax Expenses								
Current Tax	100,642	100,642	125,811	125,811	96,332	96,332	121,423	121,423
Deferred Tax	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Profit for the Period	213,966	213,966	279,053	279,053	224,774	224,774	281,819	281,819
Condensed Consolidated Statement of Comprel	hanaiya Inaama							
Profit/(Loss) for the period	213,966	213,966	279,053	279,053	224,774	224,774	281,819	281,819
Other Comprehensive Income	(53,712)	(53,712)	27,433	27,433	(53,712)		27,433	27,433
Total Comprehensive Income	160,254	160,254	306,486	306,486	171,062	171,062	309,253	309,253
Earnings per Share		•	•		•	-	·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Basic earnings per share		12,15	-	15.84	-	12.76		16.00
Diluted earnings per share	-	12.15	-	15.84	-	12.76	-	16.00
Profit attributable to:	-							
Equity holders of the Bank	209,969	209,969	274,984	274,984	224,774	224,774	281,819	281,819
Non-controlling interest	3,997	3,997	4,069	4,069	-	-	-	-
Total	213,966	213,966	279,053	279,053	224,774	224,774	281,819	281,819

Statement of Comprehensive Income

For the Quarter ended Ashwin 2082



		Grou	P			Ba	nk	
	Current	Voon	Previo	us Year	Curren	+ Voon	Previo	ous Year
Particular	Current	rear	Corre	sponding	Curren	i reur	Corresponding	
	This Quarter	Up to This Quarter (YTD)	This Quarter	Up to This Quarter (YTD)	This Quarter	Up to This Quarter (YTD)	This Quarter	Up to This Quarter (YTD)
Profit or loss for the year	213,966	213,966	279,053	279,053	224,774	224,774	281,819	281,819
Other Comprehensive Income, Net of Income Tax	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
a) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Gains/(losses) from investment in equity instruments measured at fair value	(76,731)	(76,731)	39,190	39,190	(76,731)	(76,731)	39,190	39,190
Gains/(losses) on revaluation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Actuarial gains/(losses) on defined benefit plans	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Income tax relating to above items	23,019	23,019	(11,757)	(11,757)	23,019	23,019	(11,757)	(11,757)
Net other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss	(53,712)	(53,712)	27,433	27,433	(53,712)	(53,712)	27,433	27,433
b) Items that are or may be reclassified to profit or loss								
Gains/(losses) on cash flow hedge	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Exchange gains/(losses)(arising from translating financial assets of foreign operation)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Income tax relating to above items	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Reclassify to profit or loss	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net other comprehensive income that are or may be reclassified to profit or loss	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
c) Share of other comprehensive income of associate accounted as per equity method	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Comprehensive Income for the year, Net of Income Tax	(53,712)	(53,712)	27,433	27,433	(53,712)	(53,712)	27,433	27,433
Total Comprehensive Income for the Year	160,254	160,254	306,486	306,486	171,062	171,062	309,253	309,253
Total Comprehensive Income attributable to:								
Equity-Holders of the Bank	156,257	156,257	303,926	291,774	171,062	171,062	309,253	309,253
Non-Controlling Interest	3,997	3,997	2,560	14,712	-	-	-	-
Total Comprehensive Income for the Year	160,254	160,254	306,486	306,486	171,062	171,062	309,253	309,253
Earnings per Share								
Basic earnings per share		12.15		15.84		12.76		16.00
Diluted earnings per share		22.34		15.84		12.76		16.00

Ratios as per NRB Directives

		Grou	p			Ва	nk	
	Comm	-u+ Vu	Previo	ous Year	Current	+ V	Previous Year	
Particular	Curr	Current Year		sponding	Curren	i jear	Corre	sponding
	This Quarter	Up to This	This Quarter	Up to This	This Quarter	Up to This	This Quarter	Up to This
	This Quarter	Quarter (YTD)	This Quarter	Quarter (YTD)	inis Quarter	Quarter (YTD)	This Quarter	Quarter (YTD)
Capital fund to RWA		12.92%		12.38%		12.92%		12.38%
Tier I Capital to RWA		11.05%		10.08%		11.05%		10.08%
CET I Capital to RWA		11.05%		10.08%		11.05%		10.08%
Non-performing loan (NPL) to Total Loan		2.75%		2.37%		4.03%		3.16%
Total loan loss provision to Total NPL		120.58%		123.39%		102.38%		98.18%
Cost of Funds		4.90%		6.54%		4.46%		5.99%
Credit to Deposit Ratio		85.72%		85.09%		85.66%		87.72%
Base Rate (Quarterly Average)		7.10%		8.78%		6.59%		8.27%
Interest Rate Spread		3.87%		4.59%		4.59%		4.59%
Return on Assets		1.17%		0.94%		0.67%		0.90%
Return on Equity		13.72%		11.28%		7.56%		10.53%

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

For the Quarter ended Ashwin 2082



				IRAS DANK LID.
	Grou	ıp	Bani	<
Particulars	Upto This Quarter	Corresponding Previous Year Upto this Quarter	Upto This Quarter	Corresponding Previous Year Upto this Quarter
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		•		•
Interest Received	907,756	2,208,455	906,314	2,205,269
Fee and Other Income Received	163,626	193,120	142,576	174,732
Dividend Received	103,020	1,5,120	-	17 1,7 32
Receipts from Other Operating Activities	22,431	29,153	15,470	34,508
Interest Paid	(1,413,558)	(1,763,856)	(1,413,810)	(1,764,356)
Commissions and Fees Paid	(17,284)	(1,703,830)	(15,493)	(1,704,330)
Cash Payment to Employees	(321,814)	(371,596)	(315,102)	(363,519)
Other Expenses Paid	(105,097)		, , ,	
Operating Cash Flows before Changes in Operating Assets	(105,097)	(478,180)	(100,510)	(474,386)
and Liabilities	(763,940)	(201,569)	(780,555)	(203,847)
(Increase)/Decrease in Operating Assets				
Due from Nepal Rastra Bank	562,373	3,751,455	562,373	3,751,455
Placement with Banks and Financial Institutions	302,373	3,731,433	302,373	3,731,433
Other Trading Assets	(7,011)	22,108	-	-
Loans and Advances to Bank and Financials Institutions	• • •	•	424 052	(154.470)
Loans and Advances to Bank and Financials Institutions Loans and Advances to Customers	426,853	(154,478)	426,853	(154,478)
	1,543,510	(2,719,215)	1,543,510	(2,719,215)
Other Assets	(233,179)	(122,229)	(224,722)	(158,582)
Increase/(Decrease) in Operating Liabilities	=	=	=	=
Due to Banks and Financials Institutions	(2,619,624)	(355,379)	(2,619,624)	(355,379)
Due to Nepal Rastra Bank	3,971	6,651	3,971	6,651
Deposit from Customers	(2,454,916)	956,485	(2,537,150)	1,043,204
Borrowings	(2,083)	(2,084)	(2,083)	(2,084)
Other Liabilities	290,363	(386,136)	74,538	(11,018)
Net Cash Flow from Operating Activities before Tax Paid	(3,253,684)	(9,676,385)	(3,552,888)	1,196,707
The bash flow from operating Activities before tax raid	(0,200,001)	(5,0,0,000)	(0,002,000)	2,250,707
Income Tax Paid	(100,642)	(125,811)	(96,332)	(121,423)
Net Cash Flow from Operating Activities	(3,354,326)	(9,802,195)	(3,649,220)	1,075,285
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Purchase of Investment Securities		(554 575)		(577,884)
Receipts from Sale of Investment Securities	107,059	(556,575)	117,091	(377,004)
Purchase of Property and Equipment		- (75.070)	•	- (76,953)
Receipts from Sale of Property and Equipment	(195,872)	(75,079)	(195,409)	(76,903)
Purchase of Intangible Assets	-	-	-	-
5	- 412	11/0	-	-
Receipts from Sale of Intangible Assets	412	1,169	313	977
Purchase of Investment Properties	15,603	-	15,603	-
Receipts from Sale of Investment Properties	-	-	-	-
Interest Received	208,745	206,915	208,745	206,915
Dividend Received	29,540	13,143	50,406	30,531
Net Cash Used in Investing Activities	165,487	(410,427)	196,748	(416,415)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Receipts from Issue of Debt Securities	-	-	-	-
Repayments of Debt Securities	-	-	-	-
Receipts from Issue of Subordinated Liabilities	-	-	-	-
Repayments of Subordinated Liabilities	-	-	=	-
Receipt from Issue of Shares	-	-	-	-
Dividends Paid	(1,098)	(915)	-	-
Interest Paid	(27,868)	-	(27,868)	-
Other Receipts/Payments	(1,542)	429,323	12,943	421,758
Net Cash from Financing Activities	(30,508)	428,408	(14,925)	421,758
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(3,219,348)	(1,943,793)	(3,467,397)	1,080,628
Cash and cash equivalents at Shrawan 1				
Effect of exchange rate fluctuations on cash and cash	7,210,367	5,326,085	6,583,140	3,131,338
equivalents held	-	-	=	-
Cash and cash equivalents at Quarter End	2 001 010	2 202 204	2 445 740	4 211 077
with another adjustment of adjustment of the	3,991,019	3,382,291	3,115,743	4,211,966

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity For the Quarter ended Ashwin 2082



					Gra								
<u>.</u>					Attributa	ble to Equity-Hol	ders of the Ban	k				Non-Controlling	
Particulars	Share Capital	Share Premium	General Reserve	Exchange Equalisation	Regulatory Reserve	Fair Value Reserve	Revaluation Reserve	Retained Earning	Staff Skill Development Fund	Other Reserve	Total	Interest	Total Equity
Balance at Shrawan 01, 2081	7,046,938	-	1,718,603	2,747	1,153,354	(26,946)		200,590	21,318	326,001	10,442,605	180,295	10,622,900
Adjustment/(Restatement)	7,040,200	_		-,, -,	1,100,004	(20,540)	_	17,413	-	-	17,413	(100)	17,313
Comprehensive Income for the year	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	,	_	_		-	
Profit for the year	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	1,376,193	_	_	1,376,193	13,772	1,389,964
Other Comprehensive Income, Net of Tax	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		_	_	-,0,0,1,0	-	-,00,,,0
Gains/(losses) from investment in equity instruments													
measured at fair value	-	-	-	-	-	34,657	-	-	-	-	34,657	-	34,657
Gains/(losses) on revaluation	_	_	_	_	_	-	-	_	_	_	-	_	-
Actuarial gains/(losses) on defined benefit plans	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(22,019)	(22,019)	_	(22,019)
Gains/(losses) on cash flow hedge	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-		_	
Exchange gains/(losses)(arising from translating financial													
assets of foreign operation)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Share of Profit of Associates	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	_	_	_	-	-	-
Total Comprehensive Income for the year	-	-	-	-	-	34,657	-	1,376,193	-	(22,019)	1,388,831	13,772	1,402,603
Transfer to Reserves during the year	_	_	_	_	_	· <u>-</u>	_		-		· · ·	· <u>-</u>	· · ·
- Statutory General Reserve	_	_	275,673	_	_	_	_	(275,673)	_	_	-	_	-
- Staff Skill Development Fund	_	_	-	_	_	-	-	(9,227)	9,227	_	-	_	-
- Exchange Equalisation Reserve	_	_	_	647	_	_	_	(647)	•	_	-	_	-
- Corporate Social Responsibility Reserve	_	_	_	_	_	-	-	(13,712)		13,712	-	_	-
- Regulatory Reserve as per NRB Directive	_	_	_	_	(328,118)	-	-	328,118	_	-	-	_	-
- Investment Adjustment Reserve	_	_	_	_	-	-	-	-	_	_	-	_	-
- Debenture Redemption Reserve	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(250,000)	_	250,000	_	_	_
- Share of Profit of Associates	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	,	_	_	_
Transfer from Reserves during the year	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
- Corporate Social Responsibility Reserve	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	10,321	_	(10,446)	(125)	(82)	(207)
- Regulatory Reserve as per NRB Directive	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	,	_	-	-	-	
- Share of Profit of Associates	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
- Realised Gain on Derecognition of Equity Instrument	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
- Transaction Cost attributable on Equity Issue	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
- Investment Adjustment Reserve	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		_
- Staff Skill Development Fund	_		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		_
Transactions with Owners, directly recognized in Equity	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Share Issued	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		_
Share Based Payments	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	-	_
Dividend to Equity-Holders			_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-		_
- Bonus Shares Issued	_	-	_	_	-	-	-	_	-	_	_	-	_
- Cash Dividend Paid			_	_	_	_	_	(915)	_	_	(915)	(12,072)	(12,987)
- cash Dividend Paid Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(915)	-	-	(915)	(12,072)	(12,967)
Total Contributions by and distributions								(915)			(915)	(12,072)	(12,987)
Balance at Asar End, 2082	7,046,938		1,994,276	3,395	825,236	7,710		1,382,460	30,545	557,249	11,847,809	181,813	12,029,622

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity For the Quarter ended Ashwin 2082



												Fig	gures in '000
Balance at Shrawan 01, 2082	7,046,938	-	1,994,276	3,395	825,236	7,710	-	1,382,460	30,545	557,249	11,847,809	181,813	12,029,622
Adjustment/(Restatement)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	-	1
Comprehensive Income for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	209,969	-	-	209,969	3,997	213,966
Other Comprehensive Income, Net of Tax	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-
Gains/(losses) from investment in equity instruments													
measured at fair value	-	-	-	-	-	(53,712)	-	-	-	-	(53,712)	-	(53,712)
Gains/(losses) on revaluation	-	_	_	-	_	_		_	-	-	-	_	_
Actuarial gains/(losses) on defined benefit plans	-	_	_	-	_	_	-	_	-	_	_	_	-
Gains/(losses) on cash flow hedge	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Exchange gains/(losses)(arising from translating financial													
assets of foreign operation)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Share of Profit of Associates	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Total Comprehensive Income for the year	_	_	_	_	_	(53,712)	_	209,969	_	_	156,257	3,997	160,254
Transfer to Reserves during the year	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	-	_	_	-	-	-
- Statutory General Reserve	-	_	45,561	-	_	_	-	(45,561)	-	_	_	_	_
- Staff Skill Development Fund	-	_	-	-	_	_	-	(10,001)	-	_	_	_	_
- Exchange Equalisation Reserve	-	_	_	115	_	_	-	(115)	-	_	_	_	_
- Corporate Social Responsibility Reserve	-	_	_	-	_	_	-	(2,308)	_	2,308	_	_	_
- Regulatory Reserve as per NRB Directive	-	-	-	-	244,191	-	-	(244,191)	-	-	-	-	-
- Investment Adjustment Reserve	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	_
- Debenture Redemption Reserve	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(62,500)	-	62,500	-	-	-
- Share of Profit of Associates	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfer from Reserves during the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
- Corporate Social Responsibility Reserve	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	36	-	(36)	-	-	-
- Regulatory Reserve as per NRB Directive	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
- Share of Profit of Associates	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
 Realised Gain on Derecognition of Equity Instrument 	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
- Transaction Cost attributable on Equity Issue	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
- Investment Adjustment Reserve	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
- Staff Skill Development Fund	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transactions with Owners, directly recognized in Equity	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Share Issued	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Share Based Payments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Dividend to Equity-Holders	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
- Bonus Shares Issued	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
- Cash Dividend Paid	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,098)	-	-	(1,098)	(14,486)	(15,584)
Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-		
Total Contributions by and Distributions	-	-	-	-	•	-	-	(1,098)	-	•	(1,098)	(14,486)	(15,584)
Balance at Ashwin End, 2082	7,046,938	-	2,039,837	3,509	1,069,427	(46,001)	-	1,236,692	30,545	622,021	12,002,968	171,324	12,174,292

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity For the Quarter ended Ashwin 2082



					Bank								igures III 000
					Attributable t	o Equity-Holders	of the Bank					Non-Controlling	
Particulars	Share	Share	General	Exchange	Regulatory Reserve Fai	ir Value Reserve	Revaluation	Retained	Staff Skill	Other	Total	Interest	Total Equity
	Capital	Premium	Reserve	Equalisation			Reserve	Earning	Development Fund	Reserve			
Balance at Shrawan 01, 2081	7,046,938	-	1,712,398	2,747	1,153,354	(27,503)	-	194,701	21,318	325,554	10,429,508	-	10,429,508
Adjustment/Restatement	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	17,564	-	-	17,564	-	17,564
Comprehensive Income for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	=	-	-	1,350,360	-	-	1,350,360	-	1,350,360
Other Comprehensive Income, Net of Tax	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Gains/(losses) from investment in equity instruments						34,657					34,657		34,657
measured	-	-	-	_	-	34,037	-	_	-	-	34,037	-	34,037
Gains/(losses) on revaluation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Actuarial gains/(losses) on defined benefit plans	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(22,019)	(22,019)	-	(22,019)
Gains/(losses) on cash flow hedge	-	-	-	-	=	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Exchange gains/(losses)(arising from translating financial	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
assets of foreign operation)													
Total Comprehensive Income for the year	-	-	-	-	-	34,657	-	1,350,360	-	(22,019)	1,362,999	-	1,362,999
Transfer to Reserves during the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
- Statutory General Reserve	-	-	273,585	-	-	-	-	(273,585)		-	-	-	-
- Staff Skill Development Fund	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(9,227)	9,227	-	-	-	-
- Exchange Equalisation Reserve	-	-	-	647	-	-	-	(647)	-	-	-	-	-
- Corporate Social Responsibility Reserve	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(13,504)	-	13,504	-	-	-
- Regulatory Reserve as per NRB Directive	-	-	-	-	(328,118)	-	-	328,118	-	-	-	-	-
- Investment Adjustment Reserve	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
- Debenture Redemption Reserve	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(250,000)) -	250,000	-	-	-
- Share of Profit of Associates	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfer from Reserves during the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
- Corporate Social Responsibility Reserve	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10,321	-	(10,321)	-	-	-
- Regulatory Reserve as per NRB Directive	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	_	-
- Share of Profit of Associates	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	_	-
- Realised Gain on Derecognition of Equity Instrument	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_
- Transaction Cost attributable on Equity Issue	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_
- Investment Adjustment Reserve	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
- Staff Skill Development Fund	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Transactions with Owners, directly recognized in Equity	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Share Issued	_	_	_	_		_	_	_	_		_	_	_
Share Based Payments	_	_	_	_		_	_		_		_	_	_
Dividend to Equity-Holders	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	- -
- Bonus Shares Issued	-	-	_	_	_	-	_	_	-	-	_	-	_
- Cash Dividend Paid	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	_	-	-
Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Contributions by and distributions	-	-		-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balance at Asar end, 2082	7,046,938	-	1,985,983	3,395	825,236	7,154	-	1,354,102	30,545	556,718	11,810,070		11,810,070

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity For the Quarter ended Ashwin 2082



												Fi	gures in '000
Balance at Shrawan 01, 2082	7,046,938	-	1,985,983	3,395	825,236	7,154	-	1,354,102	30,545	556,718	11,810,070	-	11,810,070
Adjustment/Restatement	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Comprehensive Income for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	224,774	-	-	224,774	-	224,774
Other Comprehensive Income, Net of Tax	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_
Gains/(losses) from investment in equity instruments						(E2 712)					(E2 712)		(E2 712)
measured	-	-	-	-	-	(53,712)	-	-	-	-	(53,712)	-	(53,712)
Gains/(losses) on revaluation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Actuarial gains/(losses) on defined benefit plans	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Gains/(losses) on cash flow hedge	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Exchange gains/(losses)(arising from translating financial													
assets of foreign operation)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Share of Profit of Associates	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Comprehensive Income for the year	-	-	-	-	-	(53,712)	-	224,774	-	-	171,062	-	171,062
Transfer to Reserves during the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
- Statutory General Reserve	-	-	44,955	-	-	-	-	(44,955)	-	-	-	-	-
- Staff Skill Development Fund	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
- Exchange Equalisation Reserve	=	-	=	115	-	-	-	(115)	-	-	=	-	-
- Corporate Social Responsibility Reserve	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(2,248)	-	2,248	-	-	-
- Regulatory Reserve as per NRB Directive	=	-	=	-	244,191	-	-	(244,191)	-	-	=	-	-
- Investment Adjustment Reserve	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
- Debenture Redemption Reserve	=	-	=	-	-	-	-	(62,500)	-	62,500	=	-	-
- Share of Profit of Associates	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfer from Reserves during the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
- Corporate Social Responsibility Reserve	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	36	-	(36)	-	-	-
- Regulatory Reserve as per NRB Directive	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
- Share of Profit of Associates	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
 Realised Gain on Derecognition of Equity Instrument 	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
- Transaction Cost attributable on Equity Issue	=	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	=	-	-
- Investment Adjustment Reserve	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
- Staff Skill Development Fund	=	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	=	-	-
Transactions with Owners, directly recognized in Equity	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Share Issued	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Share Based Payments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Dividend to Equity-Holders	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
- Bonus Shares Issued	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
- Cash Dividend Paid	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	-	0
Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Contributions by and Distributions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0	-	0
Balance at Ashwin End, 2082	7,046,938	-	2,030,938	3,509	1,069,427	(46,558)	-	1,224,904	30,545	621,430	11,981,133	-	11,981,133

Statement of Distributable Profit

As on Quarter ended Ashwin 2082



		Figures in 1000
	Current Year	Previous Year
Particulars	Upto this Qtr	Corresponding
	YTD	Qtr YTD
Net profit or (loss) as per statement of profit or loss	224,774	281,819
<u>Appropriations:</u>	(109,781)	(120,535)
a. General Reserve	(44,955)	(56,364)
b. Exchange Fluctuation Fund	(115)	-
c. Capital Redemption Reserve	(62,500)	(62,500)
d. Corporate Social Responsibility Fund	(2,248)	(2,818)
e. Employees Training Fund	-	-
f. Investment Adjustment Reserve	-	-
g. Other	36	1,147
Profit or (Loss) before regulatory adjustment	114,993	161,284
Regulatory adjustment	(244,191)	135,957
 a. Interest receivable (-)/previous accrued interest received (+) 	(197,253)	27,753
b. Short loan loss provision in accounts (-)/reversal (+)	-	-
c. Short provision for possible losses on investment (-)/reversal (+)	-	-
d. Short loan loss provision on Non Banking Assets (-)/reversal (+)	7,766	426
e. Deferred tax assets recognised (-)/ reversal (+)	-	80,345
f. Goodwill recognised (-)/ impairment of Goodwill (+)	-	-
g. Bargain purchase gain recognised (-)/resersal (+)	-	-
h. Actuarial loss recognised (-)/reversal (+)	-	-
i. Other (+/-)	-	-
 Gains/(losses) from investments in equity instruments 	(53,712)	27,433
- Interest Capitalized Reserve	(992)	-
Net profit for the Quarter ended available for distribution	(129,198)	297,242
Opening Retained Earnings	1,354,102	331,844
Adjustment (+/-)	-	-
Distribution:	-	-
Bonus shares Issued	-	_
Cash dividend paid	-	-
Total Distributable profit or (loss) as on Quarter ended	1,224,904	629,086
Annualised Distributable Profit/Loss per share	17.38	8.93

Notes to Interim Financial Statements



General Information

Muktinath Bikas Bank Limited ('the bank') is domiciled and incorporated in Nepal under the Companies Act, 2063 on 22nd Chaitra 2062. The Bank received the license to commence banking operations as a 'B Class' financial institution from Nepal Rastra Bank on 18th Poush, 2063. The bank is a limited liability company having its shares listed on Nepal Stock Exchange. The registered office of the Bank is situated at Kathmandu Plaza. Kamaladi-28. Kathmandu. Nepal.

The group financial statement includes the Muktinath Capital Limited (formerly known as Vibor Capital Limited) which is the subsidiary of the bank and the bank's associate company, Muktinath Krishi Company Limited.

1. Basis of Preparation

The interim financial statements of the Bank have been prepared in accordance with Nepal Financial Reporting Standards (NFRS): NAS 34 Interim Financial Reporting pronounced by The Institute of Chartered Accountants of Nepal (ICAN).

The interim financial statements have been prepared on the formats mandated by the Directive No. 4 of The Unified Directives as made applicable by the Nepal Rastra Bank.

The Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements comprise of:

Condensed Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

Condensed Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss.

Condensed Consolidated Statement of Other Comprehensive Income,

Condensed Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity,

Condensed Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

Notes to Interim Financial Statements and

Ratios as per NRB Directive

Functional and Presentation Currency

The Financial Statements of Entity are presented in Nepalese Rupees (Rs.), which is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Entity operates.

There was no change in Entity's presentation and functional currency during the year under review.

2. Statement of Compliance with NFRS

The interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Nepal Financial Reporting Standards (NFRS): NAS 34 Interim Financial Reporting, as published by the Accounting Standards Board (ASB) Nepal and pronounced by The Institute of Chartered Accountants of Nepal (ICAN) and in compliance with BAFIA 2073, Unified Directives issued by Nepal Rastra Bank and all other applicable laws and regulations

The interim financial statements do not include all the information and disclosures required in the annual financial statements, and should be read in conjunction with the Bank's annual financial statements.

3. Use of Estimates, Assumptions and Judgments

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions in the application of accounting policies that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates. Continuous evaluation is done on the estimation and judgments based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised prospectively.

4. Changes in Accounting Policies

The Bank applies its accounting policies consistently from year to year except where deviations have been explicitly mandated by the applicable accounting standards.

Notes to Interim Financial Statements



5. Significant Accounting Policies

a. Basis of Measurement

The Financial Statements of Bank have been prepared on the historical cost basis, except for the following material items:

Item Basis of Measurement

Quoted Investment Classified under Available for Sale

· Retired Benefit Obligation

Fair Value

Present value of defined benefit obligation less the fair value of the plan assets

5.1 Basis of Consolidation

a. Business Combination

Business combinations are accounted for using the acquisition method in line with the NFRS 03 "Business Combination". The consideration transferred in the acquisition and identifiable net assets acquired are measured at fair value. Any goodwill that arises is tested annually for impairment. Any gain on a bargain purchase is recognised in profit or loss immediately. Transaction costs are expensed as incurred, except if they are related to the issue of debt or equity securities.

The consideration transferred does not include amount related to the settlement of pre-existing relationships. Such amount are generally recognised in profit or loss. Any contingent consideration is measured at fair value at the date of acquisition. If an obligation to pay contingent consideration that meets the definition of a financial instrument is classified as equity, then it is not re-measured and settlement is accounted for within equity. Otherwise, subsequent changes in the fair value of the contingent consideration are recognised in profit or loss.

b. Non-Controlling Interest

Changes in the Bank's interest in a subsidiary that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as transactions with owners in their capacity as owners. Adjustments to non-controlling interests are based on a proportionate amount of the net assets of the subsidiary. No adjustments are made to goodwill and no gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss.

c. Basis of Consolidation

The Consolidate Financial Statement includes the financials of the subsidiary from the date the control commences until the date that control ceases. In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the financial statements are combined by adding the like items of assets, liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows of the parent line by line with those of its subsidiary and eliminating the transaction with the companies within the group.

The consolidation of the group has been carried using NFRS 10: Consolidated Financial Statements by applying the carve out issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Nepal which states: "A parent shall prepare consolidated financial statements using uniform accounting policies for like transactions and other events in similar circumstances unless it is impracticable to do so."

Investments in associates are accounted for in financial statements as per equity method although associate's financial statements are not prepared using uniform accounting policies for like transactions and events in similar circumstances as it is impracticable to do.

d. Loss of Control

When the Group loses control over a Subsidiary, it derecognises the assets and liabilities of the Subsidiary, and any-related NCI and other components of equity. Any resulting gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss. Any interest retained in the former Subsidiary is measured at fair value when control is lost and is accounted depending on the level of control retained.

e. Transaction elimination on consolidation

Intra-group balances, transactions, and any unrealised income and expenses arising from intra-group transactions are eliminated in preparing the Consolidated Financial Statements. Unrealised gains arising from transactions with equity accounted investees are eliminated against the investment to the extent of the Group's interest in the investee. Unrealised losses are eliminated in the same way as unrealised gains, but only to the extent that there is no evidence of impairment.

Notes to Interim Financial Statements



5.2 Cash & Cash Equivalent

Cash and cash equivalent comprise the total amount of cash-in -hand, balances with other bank and financial institutions, money at call and short notice, and highly liquid financial assets with original maturities period of three months or less from the acquisition date that are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in their fair value and are used by the bank in the management of its short-term commitments.

The cash and cash equivalents for the purpose of cash flow statement include cash in hand, balances with banks, money at call and money market funds.

5.3 Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities

Recognition

The Bank recognizes financial assets and financial liabilities when it becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. All financial assets and liabilities are measured at fair value on initial recognition. Transaction costs in relation to financial assets and financial liabilities, other than those carried at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL), are added to the fair value on initial recognition. Transaction costs in relation to financial assets and financial liabilities which are carried at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL), are charged to the statement of profit and loss.

Classification

The financial assets and liabilities are subsequently measured at amortized cost or fair value on the basis of business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets.

Financial assets are classified under three categories as required by NFRS 9, namely:

Measured at amortised cost:

Financial assets that are held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest, are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate ('EIR') method less impairment, if any. The amortisation of EIR and loss arising from impairment, if any is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Measured at fair value through other comprehensive income:

Financial assets that are held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both, selling financial assets and collecting contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest, are subsequently measured at fair value through other comprehensive income. Fair value movements are recognized in the other comprehensive income (OCI).

Equity Instrument which are not held for trading and initially recognized as held for trading for which the bank makes an irrevocable election to carry the changes in fair value of the instrument through OCI are measured at Fair Value through other Comprehensive Income.

Measured at fair value through profit or loss:

The bank classifies the financials assets as fair value through profit or loss if they are held for trading or designated at fair value through profit or loss.

Any other financial asset not classified as either amortised cost or FVTOCI, is classified as FVTPL.

Financial liabilities are classified under three categories as required by NFRS 9, namely:

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss:

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss. Upon initial recognition, transaction cost are directly attributable to the acquisition are recognized in Statement of Profit or Loss as incurred. Subsequent changes in fair value is recognized at profit or loss.

Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost:

All financial liabilities other than measured at fair value though profit or loss are classified as subsequently measured at amortized cost using effective interest method.

Notes to Interim Financial Statements



De-recognition

The Bank derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or it transfers the contractual rights to receive the cash flows from the asset

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expires.

Determination of Fair Value

The fair value of a financial instrument is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

The banks follows three levels of the fair-value-hierarchy are described below:

- Level 1: Quoted (unadjusted) prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets;
- Level 2: Significant inputs to the fair value measurement are directly or indirectly observable or valuations of quoted for similar instrument in active markets or quoted prices for identical or similar instrument in inactive markets; and
- Level 3: Significant inputs to the fair value measurement are unobservable.

Investment in Unquoted Equity Instrument are carried cost as the market price of such shares could not be ascertained with certainty at the reporting date.

Impairment

At each reporting date, the Bank assesses whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or a group of financial assets not carried at fair value through profit or loss is impaired.

In accordance with Nepal Financial Reporting Standard (NFRS) 9 - Financial Instruments, the Bank applies the Expected Credit Loss (ECL) model for recognizing impairment on financial assets measured at amortized cost or at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI), as well as on off-balance sheet exposures such as loan commitments and financial guarantee contracts.

The ECL model is based on a three-stage approach:

- $\textbf{\cdot} \textbf{B} \textbf{tage 1: 12-month ECL is recognized for financial assets that have not experienced a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. } \\$
- •Stage 2: Lifetime ECL is recognized for financial assets that have experienced a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition but are not credit-impaired.
- ·Btage 3: Lifetime ECL is recognized for credit-impaired financial assets, and interest income is calculated based on the net carrying amount.

The assessment incorporates forward-looking information, including macroeconomic factors, to ensure that credit losses are appropriately recognized based on expected future events.

In line with regulatory requirements, the Bank has recognized impairment on loans and advances as the higher of:

- 1. The total impairment loss determined in accordance with NFRS 9, and
- 2.The loan loss provisioning requirements as per the prevailing Nepal Rastra Bank (NRB) Directive, in line with the ECL Guidelines, 2024 issued by NRB.

5.4 Trading Assets

Financial assets are classified as trading assets (held for trading) if they have been acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the near term, or form part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that are managed together and for which there is evidence of a recent pattern of short- term profit taking. They are recognised on trade date, when the bank enters into contractual arrangements with counterparties, and are normally derecognised when sold. They are initially measured at fair value, with transaction costs taken to profit or loss. Subsequent changes in their fair values are recognised in profit or loss in 'Net trading income'.

5.5 Derivative Assets and Derivative Liabilities

Derivative instruments includes transactions like interest rate swap, currency swap, forward foreign exchange contract etc. held for trading as well as risk management purposes. Derivative financial instruments are initially measured at fair value on the contract date and are subsequently re-measured to fair value at each reporting date.

The bank do not have any derivative instrument during the reporting period.

Notes to Interim Financial Statements



5.6 Property and Equipment

Recognition and measurement: Property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any. Cost includes expenditures directly attributable to the acquisition of the asset.

Depreciation: The Bank depreciates property, plant and equipment over the estimated useful life on a straight-line basis from the date the assets are ready for intended use. Assets acquired under finance lease and leasehold improvements are amortized over the lower of estimated useful life and lease term. The estimated useful lives of assets for the current and comparative period of significant items of property, plant and equipment are as follows:

Type of Asset	Useful Life
Buildings	50 Years
Leasehold Properties	8 Years
Computer & Accessories	5 Years
Vehicles - Two Wheeler	5 Years
- Four Wheeler	7 Years
Furniture & Fixtures	5 Years
Equipment & Others - Equipment	5 Years
- Others	2 Years
Intangibles Assets	5 Years

The Bank adopts cost model for entire class of property and equipment. The bank has not measured the any property and plant at revaluation model and at fair value. The items of property and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses.

Assets having acquisition cost less than or equal NPR 10,000 have been written off as an expense in the Statement of Profit or Loss.

5.7 Goodwill/Intangible Assets

Any excess of the cost of acquisition over the fair values of the identifiable net assets acquired in Business Combination is recognised as goodwill. Goodwill is measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is reviewed for impairment annually, or more frequently, if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may be impaired.

Intangible assets are recognised separately from goodwill when they are separable or arise from contractual or other legal rights, and their fair value can be measured reliably. These intangible assets are recognised at historical cost less impairment less amortisation over their estimated useful life.

5.8 Investment Property

Investment properties include land or land and buildings other than those classified as property and equipment and non-current assets held for sale. Generally, it includes land, land and building acquired by the Bank as non-banking assets but not sold as on the reporting date.

The Bank holds investment property that has been acquired through enforcement of security over the loans and advances.

5.9 Income Tax

Tax expenses comprises of current tax and deferred tax.

a. Current Tax

Current tax is the income tax expense is recognized in the statement of Profit or Loss, except to the extent it relates to items recognized directly in equity or other comprehensive income in which case it is recognized in equity or in other comprehensive income. Current tax is the amounts expected or paid to Inland Revenue Department in respect of the current year, using the tax rates and tax laws enacted or substantively enacted on the reporting date and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of prior years.

b. Deferred Tax

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the balance sheet and the amounts attributed to such assets and liabilities for tax purposes. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences can be utilised.

Deferred tax is calculated using the tax rates expected to apply in the periods in which the assets will be realised or the liabilities settled, based on tax rates and laws enacted, or substantively enacted, by the balance sheet date. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when they arise in the same tax reporting group and relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority, and when the group has a legal right to offset.

Notes to Interim Financial Statements



5.10 Deposit, debt securities issued and subordinated liabilities

a. Deposits:

Deposits by banks & customers are financial liabilities of the bank as there is an obligation to deliver cash or financial assets back to the depositing bank or customer and are initially recognised at fair value, plus for those financial liabilities not at fair value through profit and loss. The transaction price is considered as the fair value for measuring the deposits.

b. Debt Securities Issued

Debt Securities are initially measured at the fair value less incremental direct cost and subsequently at their amortised cost using effective interests method except where the bank designates liabilities at fair value through profit t or loss.

c. Subordinate Liabilities

These are the liabilities subordinated, at the event of winding up, to claims of depositors, debt securities issued and other creditors. It shall include redeemable preference shares, subordinated notes issued, borrowings etc. During the reporting period the bank did not have any such liabilities

5.11 Provisions

A provision is recognized if as a result of a past event, the bank has a present legal or constructive obligation that can be estimated reliably, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation. The amount recognised is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the reporting date, taking in to account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation at that date. Provisions are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates and are reversed if there is not the probability of outflow of resources.

The contingent liability are the liabilities for which it is uncertain as to whether it will become an obligation as it depends on the occurrence of an uncertain future event. These amounts are off-balance sheet items and are disclosed when there is a possible obligation that may but probably will not require an outflow of resources.

A provision for onerous contracts is recognized when the expected benefits to be derived by the Bank from a contract are lower than the unavoidable cost of meeting its obligations under the contract.

5.12 Revenue Recognition

Revenue is recognized to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to Bank and the consideration can be reliably measured. The following specific recognition criteria shall also be met for revenue recognition:

a. Interest Income

Interest income are recognised in profit or loss for all interest bearing instruments on an accrual basis using the effective interest method. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts the expected estimated future cash payments and receipts through the expected life of the financial asset or liability. Where financial assets have been impaired, interest income continues to be recognised on the Gross value, based on the original effective interest rate.

b. Fee and Commission Income

Fees and commissions are generally recognised on an accrual basis when the service has been provided.

c. Dividend Income

Dividend income received from equity shares is recognized in the books when the bank's right to receive the dividend is established.

d. Net Trading Income

Net Trading Income includes all gains and losses from changes in fair value, related capital gain/loss and dividend from financial assets 'Held for Trading'. Trading expenses are deducted from the trading income and the amount net of trading expenses are disclosed in statement of profit and loss.

e. Net Income from Other Financial Instrument at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss

Net income from other financial instrument measured at fair value through Profit or Loss includes all gains/(losses) arises from the revaluation of financial instrument at fair value.

f. Interest Expenses

Interest expense on all financial liabilities including deposits are recognized in profit or loss using effective interest rate method.

The Bank uses ASB carve- outs as mentioned in 2.6 above and treat coupon rate as effective interest rate.

Notes to Interim Financial Statements



5.13 Employee Benefits

a. Short term employee benefits

The Bank's short term employee benefits mainly include wages, salaries, allowances, socials security expenses, bonuses as provided in the law and other employee related expenses. Short term employee benefits are measured on an undiscounted basis and are charged to statement of profit and loss as and when the related service is provided.

b. Long term employee benefits

i. Defined Contribution Plans

The contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised in profit or loss as and when the services are rendered by employees which the bank contributes fixed percentage of the salary to the Employee's Provident Fund. The Bank has no further obligations under these plans beyond its periodic contributions.

ii. Defined Benefit Plans

minimum funding requirements.

A defined benefit plan is a post-employment benefit plan other than a defined contribution plan. The bank's net obligation in respect of defined benefit plans is calculated separately for each plan by estimating the amount of future benefit that employees have earned in return for their service in current and prior periods. That benefit is discounted to determine its present value. Any unrecognized past service costs and the fair value of any plan assets are deducted. The discount rate is the yield at the reporting date on corporate bonds, that have maturity dates approximating the terms of the bank's obligation and that are denominated in the currency in which the benefits are expected to be paid. The defined benefit obligation is recognised on the basis of the report of qualified actuary using the projected unit credit method. The bank recognizes all actuarial gains and losses arising from defined benefit plans immediately in other comprehensive income and all expenses related to defined benefits plans in employee benefit are expensed in profit and loss account. When the calculation results in a potential assets for the group, the recognized assets is limited to the present value of economic benefits available in the form of any future refunds from the plan or

Measurements of the net defined benefit liability comprise actuarial gains and losses. The return on plan assets (excluding interest income) and the effect of the assets ceiling (if any excluding interest) are recognized immediately in Other Comprehensive Income. The bank determines the net interest expense (income) on the net defined liability (assets) for the period by applying the discount rate used to measure the defined benefit obligation at the beginning of the annual period to the then net defined benefits liability (assets), taking into account any changes in the net defined benefit liability (asset) during the period as a result of contribution and benefits payments. Net interest expenses and other expenses related to defined benefit plans are recognized as personnel expenses in Statement of profit and Loss.

reductions in future contributions to the plan. To calculate the present value of economic benefits, consideration is given to any applicable

The Bank provides gratuity and leave encashment as the defined benefits plans to its employees.

5.14 Leases

The determination of whether an arrangement is a lease, or it contains a lease, is based on the substance of the arrangement and requires an assessment of whether the fulfillment of the arrangement is dependent on the use of a specific asset or assets and the arrangement conveys a right to use the asset.

a. As a lessee

The Bank recognizes a right-of-use asset and a lease liability at the lease commencement date. The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, plus any initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located, less any lease incentives received. The right-of-use asset is subsequently depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of the useful life of the right-of-use asset or the end of the lease term.

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, the Bank's incremental borrowing rate. Generally, the Bank uses its cost of fund rate as the discount rate.

Notes to Interim Financial Statements



b. Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets

The Bank has elected not to recognize right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for short-term leases of machinery that have a lease term of 12 months or less and leases of low-value assets.

5.15 Foreign Currency Translation

The financial statements are presented in Nepalese Rupees which is the functional and presentation currency of the Bank.

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recorded in the relevant functional currency at the rates prevailing at the date of the

5.16 Share Capital and Reserves

Shares are classified as Equity when the Bank has an unconditional right to avoid delivery of cash or another financial asset, that is, when the dividend and repayment of capital are at the sole and absolute discretion of the Bank and there is no contractual obligation whatsoever to that effect. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of an equity instrument are deducted from the initial measurement of the equity instruments considering the tax benefits achieved thereon.

Dividends on ordinary shares and preference shares classified as equity are recognized in equity in the period in which they are declared.

Reserves are the allocation out of profit or retained earnings. These are created as statutory requirement, accounting standard requirement

and bank's own requirement.

6. Related Party Disclosure

Name of the Related Party	Relationship
Muktinath Capital Limited	Subsidiary Company
Muktinath Krishi Company Limited	Associate Company
Khim Prakash Malla	Chairman
Narayan Kumar Shrestha	Director
Bharat Prasad Lamsal	Director
Binod Kumar Sharma	Director
Saroja Shrestha (Koirala)	Director
Umesh Kumar Acharya	Independent Director
Pradyuman Pokharel, Chief Executive Officer	Key Managerial Personnel
Samir Sekhar Bajracharya, Deputy Chief Executive Officer	Key Managerial Personnel
Til Bahadur Gurung, Assistant Deputy Chief Executive Officer	Key Managerial Personnel
Govinda Bahadur Raut, Assistant Chief Executive Officer	Key Managerial Personnel

ii. Related Party Transactions

The related parties of the Bank which meets the definition of related parties as defined in NAS 24 Related Party Disclosures are as follows: Key Management Personnel (KMP) are those persons having authority and responsibility of planning, directing and controlling the activities of the entity, directly or indirectly including any director. The key management of the Bank includes members of its Board of Directors, Chief Executive Officer, and other higher level employee of the Bank. The name of the key management personnel who were holding various positions in the office during the year were as follows:

Board of Directors Allowances and Facilities

Particulars	No of Meetings	Sitting Fees
Board Meeting	4	320,000
Audit Committee Meeting	3	57,000
Risk Management Committee	1	19,000
Assets Money Laundering Prevention Committee	3	30,000
Employees Facilities Committee	-	-
Total		426,000

In additions to above, Directors are entitled to receive the telephone expenses, internet and newspaper facility of Rs. 8,000 on monthly basis.

Notes to Interim Financial Statements



Subsidiary and Associate Company

The transaction with the subsidiary and associate company during the year are as follows:

Particulars	Muktinath Capital Ltd.	Muktinath Krishi Co. Ltd.
Nature of Relationship	Subsidiary	Associate
Deposits Outstanding	13,042,674	18,233,405
Interest Paid	252,077	103,389
Non-funded facilities Outstanding	-	5,754,469
Income earned on non-funded facilities	-	12,000
Dividend Received	20,865,848	-

7. Dividends paid (aggregate or per share) separately for ordinary shares and other shares.

No dividends have been paid during the reporting period.

8. Events after interim period

There were no material events subsequent to the date of the condensed statement of financial position that require disclosure or adjustments to the unaudited interim financial statements.

9. Effect of changes in the composition of the entity during the interim period merger including and acquisition

There were no changes in the composition of the Bank for the reporting period ended Ashwin 2082.

10. Additional Disclosures - Concentration of Borrowings and deposits

A. Concentration of Borrowings

Particulars	Current Year	Previous Year
Borrowings from 10 largest lenders	415,629,581	419,796,248
% of borrowings from ten largest lenders to total deposits	0.36%	0.36%

B. Concentration of Credit Exposures

Particulars	Current Year	Previous Year
Total exposures to twenty largest borrowers		
a. As per group(related party)	7,038,929,306	6,733,511,875
b. As per individual customer	4,681,004,281	4,534,856,845
Percentage of exposures to twenty largest borrowers to total loans and advances		
a. As per group(related party)	7.08%	6.71%
b. As per individual customer	4.71%	4.52%

C. Concentration of Deposits

Particulars	Current Year	Previous year
Total deposits from twenty largest depositors		
a. Group-wise	13,839,646,998	13,343,759,982
b. As per individual customers	4,029,012,238	4,478,747,940
Percentage of deposits from twenty largest depositors to total deposits		
a. Group-wise	11.95%	11.32%
b. As per individual customers	3.48%	3.80%

Disclosure Pursuant to Securities Registration and Issue Regulation 2073, (Rule 26(1), Annexure 14



1. Financial Statement

a) The Nepal Financial Reporting Standard (NFRS) compliant financial statement of the first quarter has been published along with this report.

b) Transaction with Related Parties

The Group comprises of Muktinath Bikas Bank Limited (the Bank), Muktinath Capital Limited (Subsidiary) & Muktinath Krishi Company Limited (Associate). The transactions with related parties are as follows:

Particulars	Muktinath Capital Ltd.	Muktinath Krishi Co. Ltd.
Nature of Relationship	Subsidiary	Associate
Deposits Outstanding	13,042,674	18,233,405
Interest Paid	252,077	103,389
Non-funded facilities Outstanding	-	5,754,469
Income earned on non-funded facilities	-	12,000
Dividend Received	20,865,848	-

c) Key Financial Indicators

·			
Earnings Per Share (NPR)	12.76	Liquidity Ratio	25.15%
Price Earnings Ratio (Times)	34.13	Return on Equity	7.56%
Net Worth Per Share (NPR)	170.02	Total Assets Value Per Share (NPR)	1,869.19

2. Management Analysis

The business environment continues face challenges business confidence remains despite rates having fallen their low interest levels. lowest the debt recovery side, the ongoing economic situation significantly affected recoveries during the quarter. Nevertheless, the Bank has focused on ensuring optimum business growth and debt recovery with maximum efficiency to achieve optimal returns, all while prioritizing long-term sustainability and fostering resilience in a challenging economic environment. Furthermore, the Bank is dedicated to managing risks effectively, delivering exceptional customer service, maximizing returns and intensifying recovery efforts to strengthen its financial position.

3. Details Related to Legal Proceedings

- a) No information regarding the lawsuit by or against the Bank has been filed during the period under review except for the regular cases of debt recovery.
- b) No information regarding the lawsuit on account of violation of prevailing laws or commission of criminal offences have been filed against the promoter or director of the Bank during the quarterly period under review.
- c) No information regarding the lawsuit of financial fraud/crime has been filed against the promoters and management team of the Bank during the quarterly period under review.

4. Analysis of Bank's Share Transaction

- a) The shares of the Bank are listed on Nepal Stock Exchange. The Bank's share price is determined by the market's movement and the Bank's management is neutral in this regard.
- b) The Bank has complied with all the prevailing norms of SEBON and directives issued by NRB.
- c) Details of share transactions during the quarter are as follows:

Disclosure Pursuant to Securities Registration and Issue Regulation 2073, (Rule 26(1), Annexure 14



Price History Transaction Hi		History	
Maximum Price	503	No. of Shares Transacted	10,955,174
Minimum Price	410	No. of Transaction	37,017
Closing Price	435.50	Total Days Transacted	51

(Source: - www.nepalstock.com.np)

5. Problems and Challenges

The internal, external problems and challenges faced by the Bank are as follows:

a) Internal Challenges:

- i. Challenges in the recovery of problematic loans.
- ii. Challenges in business growth due to low credit demand.
- iii. Challenges in increasing non-interest income.
- iv. Challenges in retaining skilled manpower.
- v. Increase in credit risk and operation risk.

b) External Challenges:

- i. Stiff competition among Banks & Financial Institutions.
- ii. Changes in regulatory provisions.
- iii. Risk of increase in non-performing loans.
- iv. Risk of cyber security.
- v. Migration of youths to foreign countries for better opportunities.
- vi. Political unrest impacting investor confidence and business environment.
- vii. Excess market liquidity.

c) Strategy

The Bank with its strong brand name emphasizes to preserve & strengthen the relationship with its valued customers & stakeholders by,

- i. Optimizing utilization of assets and resources of the Bank.
- ii. Developing a comprehensive risk management framework and its effective implementation.
- iii. Maintaining the assets quality.
- iv. Embracing digital banking in every service area possible.
- v. Developing quality human resources through robust training and development.
- vi. Adopting proactive loan recovery management.

6. Corporate Governance

The Bank is committed to maintaining the highest level of ethical standards, corporate governance, and compliance. The board of directors and management strictly comply with all the regulatory norms issued by NRB and various other regulatory authorities. Further, the Bank adheres to all the regulatory and legal requirements and the industry best practices.

7. Declaration by CEO

I, the CEO of the Bank, take responsibility for the truthfulness of the information disclosed in this report to the best of my knowledge. Further, the information disclosed herein is true and fair and has not knowingly concealed any material information which may affect the decision of the investor.

Chief Executive Officer Pradyuman Pokharel

Dated: 6th November, 2025